

# ISOMETER® isoMIL425HV

Insulation monitoring device with coupling device AGH421  
for unearthed AC, AC/DC and DC systems  
for military applications up to 3(N)AC, AC 690 V, DC 1000 V



Image similar

# ISOMETER® isoMIL425HV

**Insulation monitoring device with coupling device AGH421  
for unearthed AC, AC/DC and DC systems  
for military applications up to 3(N)AC, AC 690 V, DC 1000 V**



## Device features

- Monitoring of the insulation resistance  $R_f$  for unearthed 3(N)AC, AC and DC systems with galvanically connected rectifiers or frequency converters
- Measuring the system voltage  $U_n$  (RMS) with undervoltage/overvoltage detection
- Measuring the DC residual voltages  $U_{L1e}$  (L1/+ to PE) and  $U_{L2e}$  (L2/- to PE)
- Selectable start-up delay, response delay and delay on release
- Alarm output via LEDs ("AL1", "AL2"), display, and alarm relays ("K1", "K2")
- Automatic device self test with connection monitoring
- Selectable n/c or n/o relay operation
- Measured value indication via multi-functional LC display
- Activatable fault memory
- Automatic adjustment to the system leakage capacitance  $C_e$  up to 700  $\mu$ F
- Two separately adjustable response value ranges 1...500 k $\Omega$  (prewarning, alarm)
- Password protection against unauthorised changing of parameters
- RS-485 (galvanically isolated) including the following protocols:
  - BMS (Bender measuring device interface) for the data exchange with other Bender devices
  - Modbus RTU
  - IsoData (for continuous data output)

## Intended use

The ISOMETER® isoMIL425HV monitors the insulation resistance  $R_f$  of unearthed AC/DC main circuits (IT systems) with nominal system voltages of 3(N)AC, AC/DC 0...690 V or DC 0...1000 V, 15...460 Hz.

DC components existing in 3(N)AC, AC/DC systems do not influence the operating characteristics when a minimum load current of DC 10 mA flows. The separate supply voltage  $U_s$  allows de-energised systems to be monitored as well.

The maximum permissible system leakage capacitance is 700  $\mu$ F.

The ISOMETER® is always used in conjunction with the coupling device AGH421.

In order to meet the requirements of the applicable standards, customised parameter settings must be made on the equipment in order to adapt it to local equipment and operating conditions. Please heed the limits of the range of application indicated in the technical data.

Any other use or a use that goes beyond this constitutes improper use.

- i** To ensure that the ISOMETER® functions correctly, an internal resistance of  $\leq 1$  k $\Omega$  must exist between L1/+ and L2/- via the source (e.g. PSU) or the load.
- i** If the ISOMETER® is installed inside a control cabinet, the insulation fault message must be audible and/or visible to attract attention.

## Functional description

The ISOMETER® measures the insulation resistance  $R_f$  and the system leakage capacitance  $C_e$  between the system to be monitored (L1/+, L2/-) and earth (PE). The RMS value of the system voltage  $U_n$  between L1/+ and L2/- as well as the residual voltages  $U_{L1e}$  (between L1/+ and earth) and  $U_{L2e}$  (between L2/- and earth) are also measured.

Also from a minimum voltage, the ISOMETER® determines the insulation resistance from the residual voltages  $U_{L1e}$  and  $U_{L2e}$ . It is an approximate value for one-sided insulation faults and can be used as a trend indicator in cases where the ISOMETER® has to adapt to an  $R_f$  and  $C_e$  relation that varies considerably.

The detected fault is assignable to an alarm relay via the menu. If the values  $R_f$  or  $U_n$  violate the response values activated in the "AL" menu, this will be indicated by the LEDs and relays "K1" and "K2" according to the signalling assignment set in the "out" menu. In addition, the menu offers the setting of the relay operation and the activation of the fault memory "M".

If the values  $R_f$  or  $U_n$  do not violate their release value (response value plus hysteresis) for the period  $t_{off}$  without interruption, the alarm relays will switch back to their initial position and the alarm LEDs stop lighting. If the fault memory is activated, the alarm relays remain in alarm position and the LEDs are lit until the reset key "R" is pressed or the supply voltage  $U_s$  is interrupted.

The ISOMETER® features a stop switch. When the stop switch is closed, the ISOMETER® is in operation. If the stop switch is opened, the ISOMETER® enters stop mode, i.e. the coupling L1/+ and L2/- is connected with high resistance (approx. 20 M $\Omega$ ) to the system to be monitored. In stop mode, if the memory function "M" is activated (reset function), the fault memory is cleared. The stop function can also be triggered via an interface command. In this case it can only be reset via the interface. When starting the device or leaving the stop mode, no device test is run.

The device function can be checked with the test button "T".

Parameters are assigned to the device via the LCD and the control buttons on the front panel; this function can be password-protected. Parameterisation is also possible via the BMS bus, e.g. using a BMS Ethernet gateway (COM465IP) or Modbus RTU.

## Connection

### Wiring diagram legend:

Terminal	Connections
A1, A2	Connection to the supply voltage $U_s$ via fuse: If supplied from an IT system, both lines have to be protected by a fuse.*
E, E, KE	Connect each terminal separately to PE: Use the same wire cross section as for "A1", "A2".
L1/+, L2/-	Connection to IT system to be monitored
Up, AK1, GND, AK2	Connect the terminals of the AGH to the corresponding terminals of the ISOMETER®.
T/R	Connection for external combined test and reset button
11, 14	Connection to alarm relay "K1"
11, 24	Connection to alarm relay "K2"
A, B	RS-485 communication interface with selectable terminating resistance

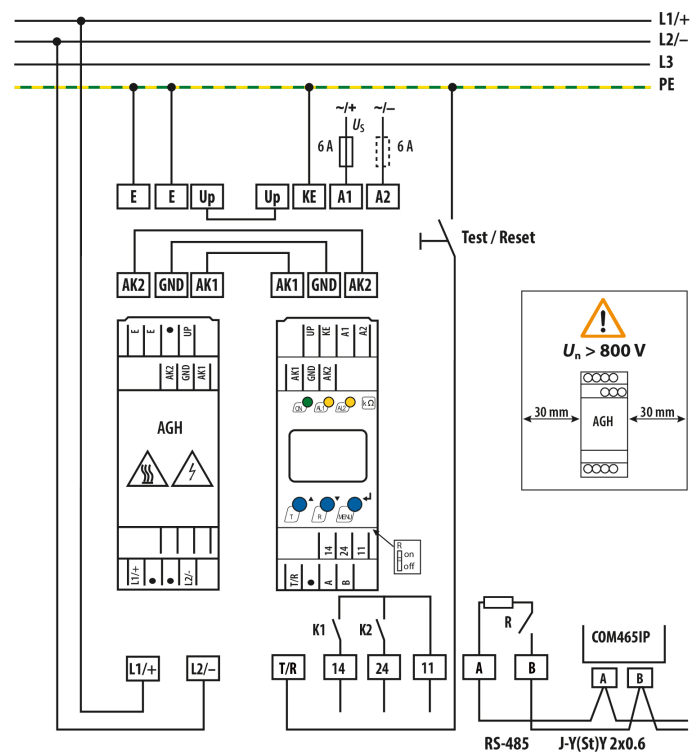
### **i** \* For UL and CSA applications:

Feed the supply voltage  $U_s$  via 5 A back-up fuses.

### **i** For UL applications:

Only use 60/75 °C copper lines.

## Wiring diagram



## Technical data isoMIL425HV

(\*) = factory setting

### Insulation coordination acc. to IEC 60664-1/-3

#### Definitions

Supply circuit (IC2)	A1, A2
Output circuit (IC3)	11, 14, 24
Control circuit (IC4)	Up, KE, T/R, A, B, AK1, GND, AK2
Rated voltage	240 V
Overvoltage category	III

#### Rated impulse voltage

IC2/(IC3-4)	4 kV
IC3/IC4	4 kV

#### Rated insulated voltage

IC2/(IC3-4)	250 V
IC3/IC4	250 V
Polution degree	3

#### Protective separation (reinforced insulation) between

IC2/(IC3-4)	Overvoltage category III, 300 V
IC3/IC4	Overvoltage category III, 300 V

#### Voltage test (routine test) according to IEC 61010-1

IC2/(IC3-4)	AC 2.2 kV
IC3/IC4	AC 2.2 kV

#### Supply voltage

Supply voltage $U_s$	AC 100...240 V / DC 24...240 V
Tolerance of $U_s$	-30...+15 %
Frequency range of $U_s$	47...63 Hz
Power consumption	$\leq 3 \text{ W}$ , $\leq 9 \text{ VA}$

#### IT system being monitored

Nominal system voltage $U_n$ with AGH421	3(N)AC, AC 0...690 V / DC 0...1000 V
Tolerance of $U_n$	AC +15 %, DC +10 %
Nominal system voltage range $U_n$ with AGH421 (UL 508)	AC/DC 0...600 V
Frequency range of $U_n$	DC, 15...460 Hz

#### Measuring circuit

Permissible system leakage capacitance $C_e$	$\leq 700 \mu\text{F}$
Permissible extraneous DC voltage $U_{fg}$	$\leq 1150 \text{ V}$

#### Response values

Response value $R_{an1}$	2...500 k $\Omega$ (140 k $\Omega$ )*
Response value $R_{an2}$	1...490 k $\Omega$ (45 k $\Omega$ )*
Relative uncertainty $R_{an}$	$\pm 15 \%$ , at least $\pm 1 \text{ k}\Omega$
Hysteresis $R_{an}$	25 %, at least 1 k $\Omega$
Undervoltage detection	30...1140 V (off)*
Overvoltage detection	31...1150 V (off)*
Relative uncertainty $U$	$\pm 5 \%$ , at least $\pm 5 \text{ V}$
Relative uncertainty depending on the frequency $\geq 200 \text{ Hz}$	-0,03 %/Hz
Hysteresis $U$	5 %, at least 5 V

#### Time response

Response time $t_{an}$ at $R_F = 0.5 \times R_{an}$ and $C_e = 1 \mu\text{F}$ acc. to IEC 61557-8	$\leq 10 \text{ s}$
Start-up delay $t$	0...10 s (0 s)*
Response delay $t_{on}$	0...99 s (0 s)*
Delay on release $t_{off}$	0...99 s (0 s)*

#### Displays, memory

Display	LC display, multi-functional, not illuminated
Display range measured value insulation resistance ( $R_F$ )	1 k $\Omega$ ... 5 M $\Omega$
Operating uncertainty at $R_F \leq 1 \text{ M}\Omega$	$\pm 15 \%$ , at least $\pm 1 \text{ k}\Omega$
Operating uncertainty at $R_F \geq 1 \text{ M}\Omega$	typically $\pm 25 \%$ max. $\pm 45 \%$
Display range measured value system voltage ( $U_n$ )	30...1150 V <sub>RMS</sub>
Operating uncertainty	$\pm 5 \%$ , at least $\pm 5 \text{ V}$
Display range measured value system leakage capacitance at $R_F > 10 \text{ k}\Omega$	0...700 $\mu\text{F}$
Operating uncertainty	$\pm 15 \%$ , at least $\pm 2 \mu\text{F}$
Password	off / 0...999 (0, off)*
Fault memory alarm messages	on/(off)*

#### Interface

Interface / protocol	RS-485 / (BMS)*, Modbus RTU, isoData
Baud rate	BMS (9.6 kbit/s), Modbus RTU (selectable), isoData (115.2 kbit/s)
Cable length (9.6 kbit/s)	$\leq 1200 \text{ m}$
Cable: twisted pairs, shield connected to PE on one side	min. J-Y(St)Y 2 x 0.6
Terminating resistor	120 $\Omega$ (0,25 W), internal, can be connected
Device address, BMS bus, Modbus RTU	3...90 (3)*

**Switching elements**

Switching elements	2 x 1 n.o. contacts, common terminal 11
Operating principle	n/c or n/o (n/o)*
Electrical endurance	10,000 cycles

**Contact data acc. to IEC 60947-5-1**

Utilisation category	AC-12 / AC-14 / DC-12 / DC-12 / DC-12
Rated operational voltage	230 V / 230 V / 24 V / 110 V / 220 V
Rated operational current	5 A / 2 A / 1 A / 0.2 A / 0.1 A
Minimum contact rating	1 mA at AC/DC $\geq$ 10 V

**Environment/EMC**

EMC	IEC 61326-2-4
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**Ambient temperatures**

Operation	-40...+70 °C
Transport	-50...+85 °C
Storage	-55...+80 °C

**Classification of climatic conditions acc. to IEC 60721 (related to temperature and relative humidity)**

Stationary use (IEC 60721-3-3)	3K24
Transport (IEC 60721-3-2)	2K11
Long-term storage (IEC 60721-3-1)	1K23

**Classification of mechanical conditions acc. to IEC 60721**

Stationary use (IEC 60721-3-3)	3M12
Transport (IEC 60721-3-2)	2M4
Long-term storage (IEC 60721-3-1)	1M12

**Other**

Operating mode	continuous operation
Mounting	cooling slots must be ventilated vertically
Degree of protection, built-in components (DIN EN 60529)	IP30
Degree of protection, terminals (DIN EN 60529)	IP20
Enclosure material	polycarbonate
DIN rail mounting acc. to	IEC 60715
Screw fixing	2 x M4 with mounting clip
Weight	$\leq$ 150 g

## Technical data AGH421

### Insulation coordination acc. to IEC 60664-1/-3

#### Definitions

Measuring circuit (IC1)	L1/+, L2/-
Control circuit (IC2)	AK1, GND, AK2, Up, E
Rated voltage	1000 V
Overtoltage category	III

#### Rated impulse voltage

IC1/IC2	8 kV
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#### Rated insulated voltage

IC1/IC2	1000 V
Polution degree	3

#### Protective separation (reinforced insulation) between

IC1/IC2	Overtoltage category III, 1000 V
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### Monitored IT system

Nominal system voltage range $U_n$	AC/DC 0...1000 V
Tolerance of $U_n$	AC/DC +10 %

### Measuring circuit

Measuring voltage $U_m$	$\pm 45$ V
Measuring current $I_m$ at $R_F$	$\leq 400$ $\mu$ A
Internal resistance DC $R_i$	$\geq 120$ k $\Omega$

### Environment/EMC

EMC	IEC 61326-2-4
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#### Ambient temperatures

Operation	-40...+70 °C
Transport	-50...+85 °C
Storage	-55...+80 °C

#### Classification of climatic conditions acc. to IEC 60721

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#### Classification of mechanical conditions acc. to IEC 60721

Stationary use (IEC 60721-3-3)	3M12
Transport (IEC 60721-3-2)	2M4
Long-term storage (IEC 60721-3-1)	1M12

### Other

Operating mode	continuous operation
Mounting	cooling slots must be ventilated vertically
Distance to adjacent devices from $U_n > 800$ V	$\geq 30$ mm
Degree of protection internal components (DIN EN 60529)	IP30
Degree of protection terminals (DIN EN 60529)	IP20
Enclosure material	polycarbonate
DIN rail mounting acc. to	IEC 60715
Screw mounting	2 x M4 with mounting clip
Weight	$\leq 150$ g

**Connection (for ISOMETER® and AGH)****Push-wire terminals**

Nominal current	≤ 10 A
Conductor sizes	AWG 24...14
Stripping length	10 mm
Rigid	0.2...2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
Flexible without ferrules	0.75...2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
Flexible with ferrules with/without plastic sleeve	0.25...2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
Multi-conductor flexible with TWIN ferrules with plastic sleeve	0.5...1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
Opening force	50 N
Test opening	Ø 2.1 mm

**Single cables for terminals Up, AK1, GND, AK2****Requirement for connecting cables between ISOMETER® and AGH**

Cable lengths	≤ 0.5 m
Connection properties	≥ 0.75 mm <sup>2</sup>

**Standards and certifications**

The ISOMETER® was developed in compliance with the following standards:

**EU Declaration of Conformity**

The EU Declaration of Conformity is available at the following Internet address:

[https://www.bender.de/fileadmin/content/Products/CE/CEKO\\_isoXX425.pdf](https://www.bender.de/fileadmin/content/Products/CE/CEKO_isoXX425.pdf)

**UKCA Declaration of Conformity**

Die UKCA-Konformitätserklärung ist unter folgendem Link verfügbar:

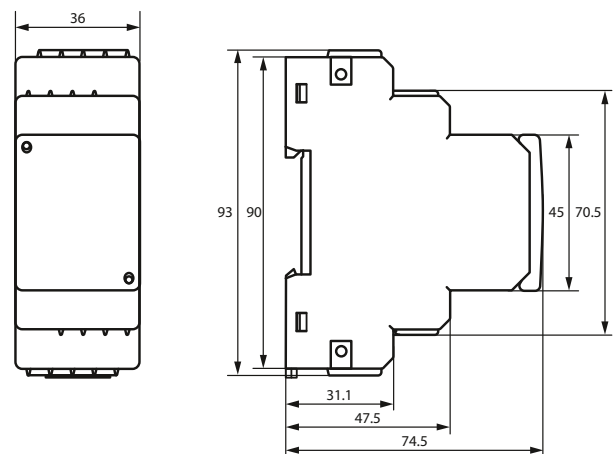
[https://www.bender.de/fileadmin/content/Products/UKCA/UKCA\\_isoXX425.pdf](https://www.bender.de/fileadmin/content/Products/UKCA/UKCA_isoXX425.pdf)

**Ordering data**

Type	Supply voltage $U_s$	Article number	
		Push-wire terminals	Screw-type terminals
isoMIL425HV-D4W-4 + AGH421-W	AC 100...240 V; 47...63 Hz DC 24...240 V	B71036305W	–

**Accessories**

Description	Article number
Mounting clip for screw mounting	B98060008

**Dimensions**

Dimension diagram (in mm)



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Subject to change!  
The specified standards take into account the  
edition valid until 08.2024 unless otherwise  
indicated.